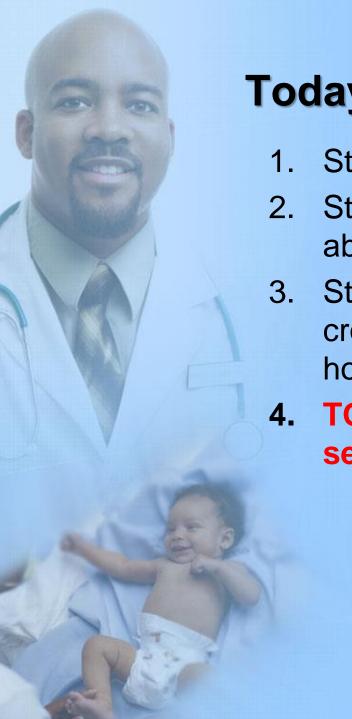


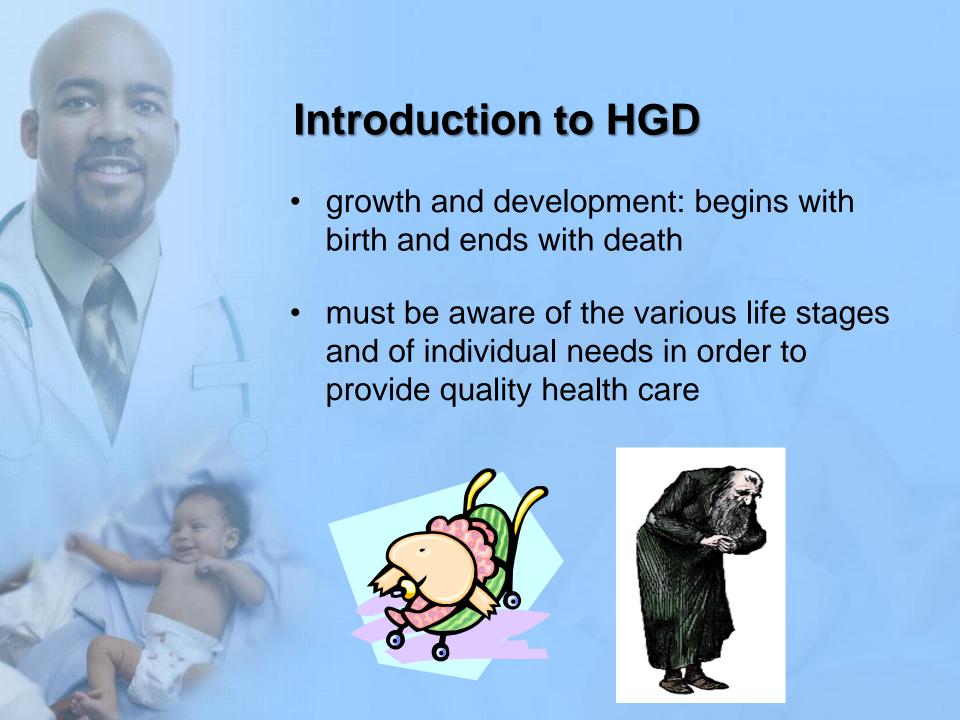
12/1/14 Warm-up:

In a paragraph, describe the events of your earliest memory. How did you feel? What were you doing? Who was there?



Today's Agenda: 12/1/14

- 1. Students will complete warm-up.
- 2. Students will copy list of medical abbreviations for Friday's quiz.
- 3. Students will work on key terms crossword, due next class as homework assignment.
- 4. TO: What changes do we expect to see in the infancy phases of life?





Life Stages

- infancy: birth to 1 y/o
- early childhood: 1 to 6 y/o
- late childhood: 6 to 12 y/o
- adolescence: 12 to 20 y/o
- early adulthood: 20 to 40 y/o
- middle adulthood: 40 to 65 y/o
- late adulthood: 65+ y/o









Infancy - Physical

- Newborn: avg. 6 to 8 lbs
- end of first year: weight triples
- muscle and nervous systems: immature, progress slowly
 - Reflexes: startle, rooting, sucking, grasping
 - Muscle coordination
 - Barely lifting head to turning to rolling to sitting to standing
- Vision: poor at birth, improves w/ age
 - Limited: black and white, no eye coordination.





Infancy - Emotional

- Excitement
- Distress, delight, anger, disgust, and fear
- Elation, affection for adults
- Strong influence on adulthood emotional behavior.



Infancy - Social

- Self-centeredness
 - 4 mo recognize care giver
 - 6 mo watching activities of others and become shy or withdrawn to strangers
 - 12 mo still maybe shy, but socialize freely with familiar people
 - Mimic and imitate gestures, facial expressions, and vocal sounds.
 - Dependent on others for all needs
 - Food, cleanliness, and rest.....
 - Love and security.....
 - Stimulation.....



Erikson's Eight Stages of Psychosocial Development

- Infancy
 - Stage of Development oral and sensory
 - Basic Conflict trust vs. mistrust
 - Major Life Event feeding
 - Conflict Resolution trust if needs are met, if not uncooperative, aggressive, decrease interest in envir't